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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶: H04H 7/00

A1 (43) International Publication Date:

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 99/37046

22 July 1999 (22.07.99)

(21) International Application Number:

(22) International Filing Date:

19 January 1999 (19.01.99)

PCT/US99/01090

(30) Priority Data:

09/009,235

20 January 1998 (20.01.98)

US

(71) Applicant: SHOWCO, INC. [-/US]; 9029 Governors Row, Dallas, TX 75247 (US).

(72) Inventors: POWERS, Timothy, Clay; 10505 Vinemont, Dallas, TX 75218 (US). PAGE, Howard, Churchil; 3744 Chatham Court Drive, Addison, TX 75244 (US).

(74) Agent: JUDSON, David, H.; Hughes & Luce, L.L.P., Suite 2800, 1717 Main Street, Dallas, TX 75210 (US).

(81) Designated States: JP, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).

Published

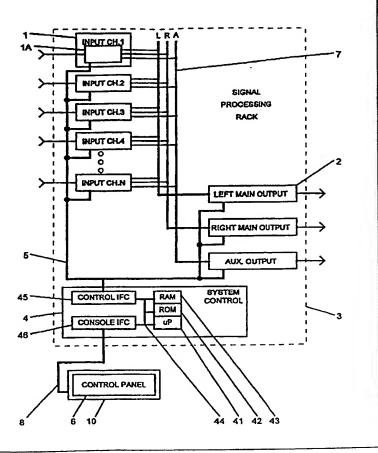
With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: SOUND MIXING CONSOLE WITH MASTER CONTROL SECTION

(57) Abstract

A sound mixing control console, having a plurality of audio signal input channels, includes a master channel control section having a plurality of motorized knobs for adjusting various parameters of an audio signal. The master channel control section can be applied to any one of the audio signal input channels to allow an operator to adjust any of the various parameters of the signal including, for example: input gain, frequency equalization (tone controls), placement in stereo (pan), and output level. All of the aforementioned parameters for any single input channel can be store for later recall. The various stored parameters for each input channel correspond to positions of the various knobs provided in the master channel control section. When any single input channel is selected for adjustment and signal processing parameters have previously been stored for that channel, the motorized knobs of the master channel control section are driven quickly to positions that correspond to the stored parameters. The various parameters can then be re-adjusted as desired and stored either as a new group of settings or re-stored to replace the original group of settings.



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SOUND MIXING CONSOLE WITH MASTER CONTROL SECTION ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to sound mixing equipment, and particularly to motorized control features for a computerized sound mixing control console.

DESCRIPTION OF RELATED ART

Automated sound mixing control consoles are known include motorized faders for controlling the signal level The faders can be operated manually to set the audio signals. 10 desired signal levels, the movements of the faders being sensed, recorded and stored by electronic means. The faders can then be operated automatically by recalling stored data representing the movements of the faders, and applying the data to electronic motor controllers for driving the motorized faders. 15 way, a complex mix of very many input channels can be rehearsed and recorded in parts, and then executed in its entirety. Automated sound mixing of this type is frequently employed for mixing a multi-track audio recording down to a stereo master recording, or for live mixing of a large concert event having 20 very many input channels and plural stereo or monaural output mixes.

Motorized fader systems are shown, for example, in U.S. Patents No. 5,102,373; 5,122,720; and 5,293,102 to Martinson et al; in U.S. Patents No. 5,054,077; 5,060,272; and 5,239,458 to Suzuki. Alternatively, manual faders can be used to adjust the output amplitude of voltage-controlled amplifiers (VCAs), with the faders movements and positions being stored and data therefrom subsequently used to control the amplitude of VCAs as shown, for example, in U.S. Patents No.3,982,071 to Weiss et al; 4,885,792 to Christensen; 5,268,964 to Watts; and 5,402,501 to Silfvajt. As recognized by East in U.S. Patent No. 5,623,551, the provision of motorized faders solves the problem of there being more faders than can be effectively operated at one time by a single operator. Stavrou, in U.S. Patent No. 5,257,317; attempts to solve this problem by multiplexing a limited number

of faders and other input channel controls to a larger number of audio input channels.

also provide sound mixing systems circuits Most signal parameters for each input channel controlling other thereof, including input gain and attenuation, panoramic (pan) control of stereo placement, frequency equalization filters, and Sophisticated sound auxiliary signal send level controls. signal mixing systems may also provide dynamic circuits for each input channel such as a compressor/limiter and/or a gate, with signal level and other parametric controls being provided therefor. Further, plural signal paths can be selected so that each input signal can be routed through a submaster section in addition to or instead of being routing directly to a master output, and can further be routed through effect imparting circuits such more sound reverberation unit or other such circuit, and to one or more auxiliary outputs such as a monitor mix or a direct output for audio recording, with level controls and/or panoramic controls being provided for such routing assignments for each input channel.

Automated systems for controlling audio signal parameters and routing assignments as described above are shown, Patents No. 4,479,240 to McKinley U.S. example, in 4,635,288 to Stadius; 4,677,674 to Snyder; 4,879,751 to Franks; 4,993,073 to Sparkes; 5,206,913 to Sims; 5,212,733 to DeVitt; 5,257,317 to Silfvajt; and 5,444,676 to Balsamo. McKinley, Jr., for example, describes means for recording the positions of various audio setting used for elements control parameters, and further describes indicator means (a pair of LEDs) for showing an operator which way to adjust the control elements to manually restore them to a previously recorded position.

Franks and Silfvajt describe automated sound mixing systems including means for recording control element positions including routing switches, fader positions and control knob positions. Individual control knobs and faders for each input channel are provided with indicators to show an operator how to manually re-adjust the control elements to restore a sound

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mixing system to a previously recorded state. Using these automated systems, complex mixes can be rehearsed and recorded in parts, including fader movements to set levels, control knob adjust other signal parameters, and movements to assignment switching, and then the complex mix can be executed in its entirety as required for studio mix-down recording or live concert performance.

most prior consoles, especially for live concert In applications, it is customary to provide all control knobs and switches for all physical channels, and to provide visual or aural feedback to the operator for manually adjusting the control knobs to restore a previously recorded console set-up. Editing a complex mix is therefore complicated by the necessity to restore control elements to their stored positions prior to manually adjusting signal parameters. The common technique employing LED indicators as feedback devices to an operator is cumbersome owing to the amount of time and manipulation required to re-set control knobs to the desired positions. feedback means, such as video display indications or voice feedback, are functionally equivalent 20 synthesized feedback and offer no substantial improvement. Rotary control could be motorized and driven the same as motorized faders, but the number of knobs provided on a professional sound applications requires for large-scale console prohibitively weighty and expensive number of motorized control knob mechanisms.

usually laid-out in new and Studio consoles are unfamiliar fashion such that a new user has no immediate familiarity with the layout of controls. Further, there is the temptation to which many have yielded to "simplify" operation of the console by providing only one rotary control element for signal parameter adjustment and providing switches for selecting is done because the parameter to be adjusted. This technology exists to do it cheaply using a rotary encoder that provides delta rotation values irrespective of actual position of the knob, and facilitates the digital control techniques for multiplexing a single control knob over a matrix of channels and Current values of the adjustable adjustable parameters.

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parameters are indicated by electronic display means. Live consoles tend to provide all knobs for all parameters of all channels, the knobs being active all of the time. Because of space requirements, all of the controls for a single input laid-out in a vertical strip above the channel channel are fader.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The preferred embodiments disclose a system and method for editing of previously stored console setups in a naturally understood manner, and to provide automated audio controls that respond in a naturally understood manner.

The preferred embodiments further disclose a sound mixing system comprising a sound mixing control console electronically coupled to audio signal processing circuits includes a plurality of audio signal input channels having adjustable input adjustable frequency equalization in plural bands frequencies, and adjustable signal level control; the system also including a plurality of output channels having adjustable output signal level control; the system providing electronic detection of moveable control element positions, the further including an electronic memory sub-system; the sound mixing control console including plural front-panel control features for adjusting the signal levels of the input channels and of the output channels, and indicators showing the current state of input and output channel adjustable parameters; the 25 console further including a master channel control applicable to any one of the input channels of the sound mixing master control section having a plurality of the motorized control features for adjusting various parameters of including at least input 30 audio input signal, frequency equalization; wherein the system can store plural setups of the control console in the electronic memory sub-system; at least the input gain, including each set-up equalization parameters, and signal level of the input channels and further including signal levels of output channels; each of 35 the plural set-ups being recallable to restore the audio signal processing parameters as set by the motorized control features the console; the console further comprising a selection

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control for each input channel that applies the master control section of the console to the selected input channel whereby selection of the input channel causes the electronic memory subsystem to read out stored signal processing parameters for that channel to a motor control sub-system of the master control section which then drives the motorized control features thereof to positions that correspond to the stored signal processing parameters.

Therefore, and in accordance with the exemplary embodiment, instead of providing every knob on every channel, with the knob being active in controlling its associated circuit parameter all of time, there is provided one set of control knobs, switches and associated indicators, and a selector switch associated with each group of individual input channel controls so that pressing the selector switch for a particular channel applies the one set of control knobs to the selected channel. The control knobs are motorized so that in the time it takes to turn one's attention from the channel selector switch, the knobs move quickly to positions corresponding to the current circuit parameters. The control knobs are then active for controlling their associated circuit parameters in a naturally understood manner, and may remain active until another input channel is selected.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram of a typical sound 25 mixing system;

Figure 2 is a plan view of a console control surface according to the preferred embodiment;

Figure 3 is a detail view of input channel controls; and
Figure 4 is a detail view of a master channel control
section of the console.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A sound mixing system as shown in Figure 1 includes plural input channels 1 for receiving audio frequency analog electrical signals from microphones or electrical musical instruments and the like, and further includes at least one but preferably plural output channels 2 for transmitting audio frequency analog

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electrical signals. The input and output channels include the which processing circuits units **1**A orelectronic signal preferably comprise computer-controlled digital signal processor and are preferably housed in an audio rack devices enclosure 3 which can be located in proximity to the signal sources, power source, and/or power amplifiers and loudspeakers digitally-Alternatively, of a sound reinforcement system. controlled analog audio circuits may be used for the input and output channels. The signal processing circuits could also be located in a control console housing 10 rather than in a separate enclosure.

A system control module 4 comprising a microprocessor 41, read-only memory (ROM) 42, random-access memory (RAM) 43, and associated control circuits, interconnected by address, data, and control buses 44, operates the input channel circuits and output channel circuits via control interface circuit 45 and a control bus 5. A console interface circuit 46 is provided to connect to a control panel 6, preferably enclosed in a separate control console 10 located remotely from the audio rack enclosure 3.

The input channel circuits 1 each provide plural adjustable and including input gain parameters equalization (variable parameter filtering), routing assignments to one or more output channels, and signal level to the assigned The output channels each provide an audio output channel(s). bus 7 feeding in thereto for summing signals from the assigned input channels and provide adjustable output level. In a preferred embodiment, control elements for operating the sound mixing system are provided on the remote control console 10 connected to the audio rack enclosure 3 by an umbilical cable or snake 8.

The control console 10 shown in Figure 2 includes control elements for adjusting parameters associated with the input channels, including: a fader for adjusting the signal level applied to a main mixing bus; switches for selecting from among

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a plurality of input connections and for assigning the signal to plural routing assignments; and control knobs adjusting signal conditioning parameters such as input gain, compression orlimiting, gating, amplitude equalization, and for adjusting auxiliary signal levels to one or more auxiliary mixing buses. Control elements and associated indicators are arranged on the console 10 in groups, as follows: input channel controls A at the left-hand side of the console and input channel controls B at the right-hand side of the console; audio signal level meters C at the upper left-hand side and audio signal level meters **D** at the upper right-hand side; remote channel faders ${\bf E}$ at the lower left central part of the console; auxiliary master channel controls F at the left central part; a video display unit G at the upper central part; a console control section H at the lower right central part; a master channel control section ${\bf J}$ at the right central part of the console; and stereo master output controls K located at the right central part of the console adjacent the console control section H and master channel control sections J.

A fader is provided for each set of input channel controls, and is preferably motorized as shown, for example, by Suzuki in U.S. Patent No. 5,060,272; or by Martinson in U.S. Patents Nos. 5,102,373; 5,122,720; and 5,293,102. A SELECT or channel selector switch is provided for each of two audio input channels that can be operated by the set of controls, illustratively switching between audio input channel 1 or audio input channel 41. Indicators are provided for each set of input channel controls and are arranged to indicate signal routing status and signal level data.

Input channel control section A includes controls for a plurality of audio input channels, illustratively shown as 20 identical sets of controls. Input channel control section B illustratively includes 20 more identical sets of controls. Each set of controls illustratively includes two SELECT switches for selecting one of two audio input channels that can be

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operated by the set of controls. The console then provides 40 sets of input channel controls for operating up to 80 audio As shown in Figure 3, each set of controls input channels. includes a motorized fader 11, two SELECT switches 12, 15, two multi-character electronic display units 13, 14, a SOLO switch 16, a MUTE switch 17, an assignable control knob 18, an LED bargraph meter 19, and an assortment of LED indicators 20 used for showing the current status of channel effects and routing When pressed, the SELECT switch 12 (or assignments. depending upon which switch has been pressed) lights to indicate that the corresponding audio input channel has been selected.

Each set of input channel controls could easily be provided with more than two SELECT switches and multi-character displays for operating 120 or even 160 audio input channels with the 40 sets of input channel controls. Alternatively, each input channel control section A and B could be provided with more than 20 sets of input channel controls, for example 24 sets of controls per section, for operating 96, 144, or even 192 audio input channels using only 48 sets of controls. For convenience, however, only 40 sets of input channel controls are shown and only two SELECT switches are provided for each set. Additional audio input channels over and above the 80 channels provided for above are selected via features provided in a console control section H described below.

Audio signal level meters C and D are arranged to show the signal levels of auxiliary master buses, stereo master output buses, and monitor output buses. Remote fader section E provides 20 additional faders, each having two SELECT switches and two multi-character electronic displays, the remote faders being used for grouping certain input channels together to control their signal levels more easily.

Auxiliary master section **F** provides 16 sets of controls for operating 32 auxiliary master buses that can be used for a variety of purposes including plural monitor mixes or recording sends. A pair of switches is provided for selecting auxiliary master buses 1-16 or buses 17-32. Each pair of auxiliary master

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controls can be operated in a stereo mode in which the oddnumbered auxiliary master becomes a left-channel master while
the adjacent even-numbered master becomes a right-channel
master. Each set of auxiliary master controls includes SELECT,
SOLO, and MUTE switches, and further includes a multi-character
electronic display for labeling the auxiliary master bus.
Auxiliary master section F also includes additional controls and
indicators for operating other console and system features
including a test oscillator/noise generator, a talk-back system,
monitor sends and the like.

A video display unit **G** is provided for interface with functions of a computer system used as the system control element of the sound mixing system; is used during a show to display information such as a song list with notes, MIDI effects information, console set-up store and recall information; and can be used to graphically display current settings of a channel, user-specified default information, and special setting pages for advanced users.

Console control section H includes controls for operating the sound mixing system in different modes, including store and recall of console set-ups including the operational state of the faders, knobs, and switches provided thereon. The console control section H further includes switches for selecting audio input channels 1-80, 81-160, or 161-240 for operation by the 40 sets of input channel controls in sections A and B.

A stereo master control section K provides a pair of motorized faders for controlling the output level of a stereo master output mix, and further includes switches for selecting among a plurality of separate stereo master output mixes. Two, multi-character electronic displays are provided for labeling the stereo master output buses.

A master control section J as shown in Figure 4 includes a plurality of operators comprising a set of control knobs for adjusting input gain, frequency equalization and the like, which can be applied to any one of the various input channels in turn for adjusting signal conditioning parameters and auxiliary signal levels. Each of the control knobs of the master control

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section is similarly motorized so that upon selection of desired input channel by pressing the corresponding SELECT switch 12 or 15 on the set of input channel controls in section A or B, the various knobs in section J conform to positions that correspond to the current parameters or signal levels for the selected channel. The control system (CPU 41) of the preferred embodiment may recall from the electronic memory sub-system (RAM of the control console. plural set-ups parameters and levels can then be adjusted manually and may also be stored in the electronic sub-system memory as an update or amendment of the original set-up or as part of a new set-up system provides electronic detection of control element positions. Each input channel can be adjusted in turn using a single set of motorized controls.

In a preferred embodiment as shown in Figure 4, knob 21 controls the input gain of a selected input channel and knob 22 controls panoramic placement in stereo. Knob 23 controls the signal level of a direct output. Control knobs 24 control signal parameters related to the operation compressor/limiter and a gate, with associated switches compressor/limiter or gate control indicators for showing the extent of compression/limiting or the threshold level of the gate. Control knobs 25 adjust the signal (boost/cut), center frequency and band width of level parametric audio filter in a high band of audio frequencies. Control knobs 26 similarly adjust a parametric audio filter in a high-mid band while knobs 27 adjust a parametric audio filter in a low-mid band and knobs 28 adjust a parametric audio filter in a low band of audio frequencies. Control knob 29 adjusts the corner frequency of a high-pass audio filter. Control knobs 31 and 32 adjust signal level to a pair of auxiliary master buses, and can be operated in a stereo mode in which knob 31 controls the signal level while knob 32 controls a pan between left and Multi-character display units 30 and 33 can be right channels. 35 used to label the auxiliary master buses. These auxiliary

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master "sends" are repeated up the console so as to provide eight pairs of control knobs and associated displays and, when coupled with page select switches in a conventional manner, can be used to send a signal from a selected audio input channel to any of 32 auxiliary master buses.

illustratively 40 shows embodiment preferred While a in master control section J, it be motorized knobs recognized that the basic concept can be practiced with fewer control knobs in a sound mixing system that provides auxiliary sends, simpler audio filters, and/or simpler channel dynamics (compressor/limiter or gate). Alternatively, a greater number of motorized control knobs could be provided in a sound mixing system having more extensive signal processing features.

A principal advantage obtained hereby is that when an audio for adjustment of its selected input channel is parameters by pressing a corresponding SELECT switch in input channel controls section A or B, the control knobs of master control section ${f J}$ quickly assume positions corresponding to the current values of circuit parameters controlled thereby, and are manipulation for further responsive to manual immediately This arrangement eliminates any confusion as to adjustment. what the current parameters are since they are indicated by the When the knobs are subsequently the knobs. positions of the circuit parameters the operator, manipulated by immediately and can be stored in the electronic memory (RAM 43) as an edit to the current set-up or as part of a new set-up. shown, a comparatively vast array of switches, indicators, motorized control knobs is provided and can be applied to any The parameters controlled thereby audio input channel. adjusted for typically being infrequently used, performance within a given set-up and usually being adjusted one channel at a time in a rehearsal situation in which all audio input channels except the one being adjusted can be muted. There is, therefore, no particular necessity for having that vast array of controls present and active on all 40 This being the case, it now becomes input channel controls. feasible to motorize all of the control knobs corresponding to

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these audio signal parameters since only one set of knobs is required regardless of the total number of audio input channels supported by the sound mixing system. Further, if adjustment of any of the audio signal parameters controlled by the knobs of master control section J is required during a live concert performance, access to the desired signal parameters is easily simply by pressing the SELECT obtained corresponding input channel control and turning the appropriate knobs, without any tedious multi-level menu-based commonly found such as is in selection process digitally controlled studio consoles and without any counterintuitive manipulation of the control knob to reset its position to one that corresponds to the present value of the signal parameter.

accordance with another aspect of the In embodiment, the features of the control console, and especially the features of master control section J, are laid-out in a naturally understood arrangement that groups the control knobs according to their function. Audio filter controls 25-29 are laid-out in a vertically arranged strip, as are channel dynamics Auxiliary master send controls 30-33 are control knobs 24. grouped in pairs and laid-out in vertically arranged strips. Input control knobs 21-23 are grouped together at the top of the console between the video display G and the meter section D so that critical controls such as input gain 21 and pan 22, and their associated switches, are easily accessible. In this way, a new user is immediately familiar with the layout of controls sound mixing control console, and does on this new experience the effects of a "learning curve" such as encountered with other recent sound mixing control consoles, especially the for controlling digital audio systems This is a special advantage for recording studios and the like. large-scale, "live" concert sound mixing applications, in which there is frequently no opportunity for a sound mixing engineer to become familiar with the layout of a new control console.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that various substitutions, omissions, modifications and changes may be made

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in the method and apparatus of the present invention without departing from the scope or spirit thereof. Accordingly, it is intended that the forgoing description be considered merely exemplary of the present invention and not a limitation thereof. Therefore, the above-described embodiments are merely examples of how the invention may be carried out and other ways may also be possible which are within the scope of the following claims.

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WE CLAIM:

1. A sound mixing control console comprising:

a plurality of input control channels having signal processing functions applied thereto by a plurality of signal processing units;

a plurality of operators which can be driven both manually and by motors and each of said plurality of operators corresponding to a plurality of variable parameters of said signal processing functions;

a plurality of channel selectors for selecting said input channels to be controlled in dependence upon operation of said plurality of operators;

memory for storing operation positions of said operators;

15 control system for recalling operation position information stored in said memory with respect to the input channel selected by said channel selectors and for positioning said operators to said position; and

said signal processing units adjusting the input 20 signal in correspondence to the positions of said operators with respect to the input channel selected by one of said plurality of channel selectors.

- 2. The system of claim 1,
- wherein said plurality of operators are laid out in vertically arranged strips.
 - The system of claim 1,

wherein said plurality of operators are grouped 30 according to their function.

4. The system of claim 1,

wherein said plurality of operators are grouped in pairs and laid-out in vertically arranged strips.

5. The system of claim 1,

wherein the signal processing units are computercontrolled digital signal processor devices.

- 6. The system of claim 1,
- 5 wherein the signal processing units are digitallycontrolled analog audio circuits.
 - 7. The system of claim 1,

the memory storing operation positions for each of 10 said plurality of input channels.

8. The system of claim 1,

wherein said plurality of variable parameters include input gain and frequency equalization.

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9. The system of claim 1, further comprising:

display for indicating which of said plurality of input channels is selected to be controlled by said plurality of operators.

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10. A sound mixing control console comprising:

a plurality of input control channels having signal processing functions applied thereto by a signal processing means;

a plurality of operators corresponding to a plurality of variable parameters of said signal processing functions;

means for selecting said input channels to be controlled in dependence upon operation of said plurality of operators;

30 means for storing operation positions of said operators;

means for recalling operation position information stored in said memory with respect to the input channel selected by said channel selection means and for positioning said operators to said position; and

said signal processing means adjusting the input signal in correspondence to the positions of said operators with

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respect to the input channel selected by one of said plurality of channel selectors.

11. A method of mixing sound comprising:

selecting one of a plurality of input control channels to be controlled in dependence upon operation of a plurality of operators;

automatically recalling operation position information stored in a memory with respect to the input channel selected and positioning said operators to said position; and

adjusting the input signal corresponding to the position of said plurality of operators with respect to the channel selected by a plurality of channel selectors.

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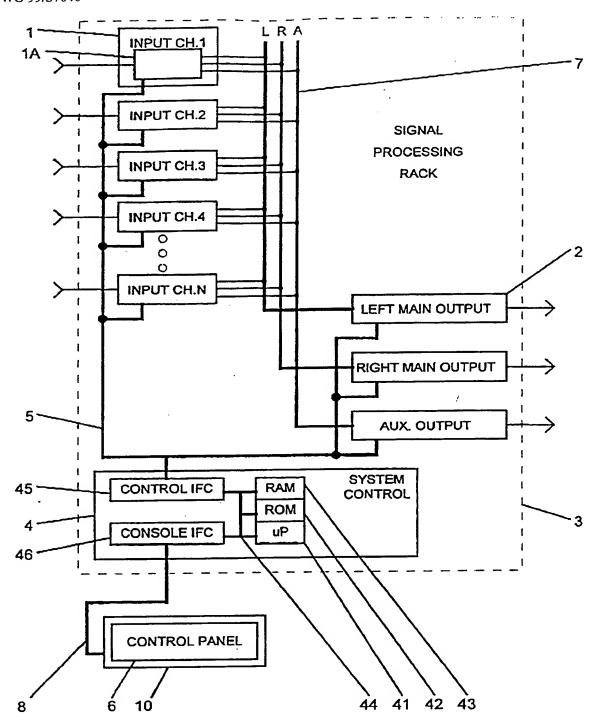
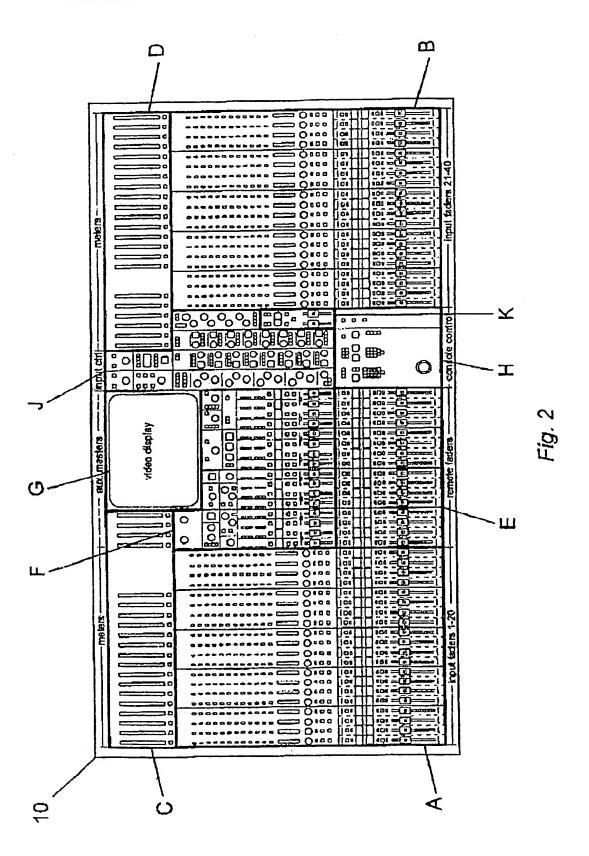
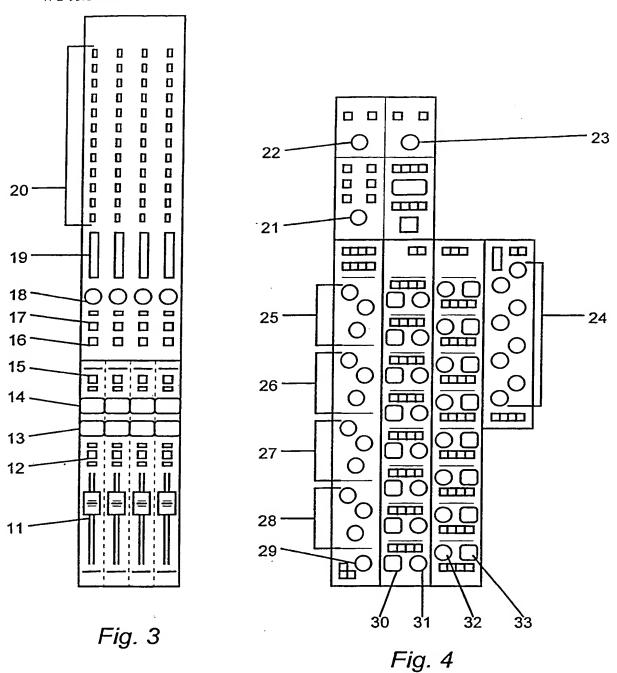


Fig.1





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT.

Interval Application No PCT/US 99/01090

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER										
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	see column 2, line 33 - column 4,	line 43								
	see claim 8									
	see figures 1,2,4,7									
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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:
H04H 7/00

A1

(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/37046

(43) International Publication Date: 22 July 1999 (22.07.99)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US99/01090

(22) International Filing Date:

19 January 1999 (19.01.99)

(30) Priority Data:

09/009,235

20 January 1998 (20.01.98)

US

(71) Applicant: SHOWCO, INC. [US/US]; 9029 Governors Row, Dallas, TX 75247 (US).

(72) Inventors: POWERS, Timothy, Clay; 10505 Vinemont, Dallas, TX 75218 (US). PAGE, Howard, Churchil; 3744 Chatham Court Drive, Addison, TX 75244 (US).

(74) Agent: JUDSON, David, H.; Hughes & Luce, L.L.P., Suite 2800, 1717 Main Street, Dallas, TX 75210 (US).

(81) Designated States: JP, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).

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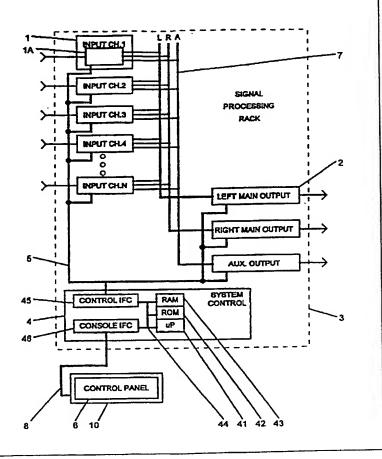
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(54) Title: SOUND MIXING CONSOLE WITH MASTER CONTROL SECTION

(57) Abstract

A sound mixing control console, having a plurality of audio signal input channels, includes a master channel control section having a plurality of motorized knobs for adjusting various parameters of an audio signal. The master channel control section can be applied to any one of the audio signal input channels to allow an operator to adjust any of the various parameters of the signal including, for example: input gain, frequency equalization (tone controls), placement in stereo (pan), and output level. All of the aforementioned parameters for any single input channel can be store for later recall. The various stored parameters for each input channel correspond to positions of the various knobs provided in the master channel control section. When any single input channel is selected for adjustment and signal processing parameters have previously been stored for that channel, the motorized knobs of the master channel control section are driven quickly to positions that correspond to the stored parameters. The various parameters can then be re-adjusted as desired and stored either as a new group of settings or re-stored to replace the original group of settings.



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